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ORIGINAL ARTICLE

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# Pharmaceutico-Analytical Study of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa

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#### ABSTRACT

**Background:** Bhuvaneshwara Rasa is an Ayurvedic preparation mentioned in Bhaishajya Ratnavali used in the treatment of all types of Atisara (diarrhea). There is a lack of data regarding the standardization of pharmaceutical process and analytical profile of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa. **Aim:** To prepare Bhuvaneshwara Rasa and analyse it using various physicochemical parameters. **Materials and methods:** Bhuvaneshwara Rasa was prepared as per the guidelines mentioned in Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia of India. During the pharmaceutical procedure, all the ingredients were mixed thoroughly and triturated with jala. The pharmaceutical and analytical parameters were compiled, and data was recorded. **Results:** Bhuvaneshwara Rasa after preparation showed increase of 10% yield. The values of physicochemical parameters of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa were as follows: pH 5.69, loss on drying 6.4%, acid insoluble ash 2.5, total ash 8.72%, hardness 3.5 kg, friability 0.1%.TLC band blue at 254nm revealed. **Conclusion:** Data generated from pharmaceutical, analytical studies and TLC can be used to develop a preliminary standard profile for the formulation Bhuvaneshwara Rasa.

Key words: Bhuvaneshwara Rasa, Atisara, Standardization, TLC.

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Bhuvaneshwara Rasa is a Ayurvedic preparation mentioned in Atisara Chikitsa Prakaranam of Bhaishajya Ratnavali. [1] Which is a typical combination of drugs to combat the disease Atisara. The combination of Saindava, Triphala, Yamani, Bilva Peshika,

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Gruhadhooma are capable to overcome the disease Atisara. In this formulation Saindhava <sup>[2]</sup> and Triphala<sup>[3]</sup> acts as Agni Deepaka, Bilva<sup>[4]</sup> and Yamani<sup>[5]</sup> acts as Deepana and Pachana Karma, Bilva Peshika helps in Sthambhana, and is also Grahi. Triphala and Yamani acts Shoolahara. Triphala also act as Krimighna Karma. Gruhadhooma helps in Vishahara. The dose of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa as per the reference is one Masha.

Pharmaceutical study is the study of drug manufacturing. As like healing drug manufacturing too is an art. In treating an ailment, the first and foremost thing is preparation of the drug should be proper. Drug standardization mainly intended to guarantee the quality, efficacy, and uniformity of the final product. [6] Standardization starts from the raw drug collection and extends up to the manufacturing of final products. Hence the present study is planned to

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# prepare the selected drug following all the methods mentioned in classical texts.

#### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES**

This study aimed to develop Standard Manufacturing Procedure of *Bhuvaneshwara Rasa* and to develop analytical profile of *Bhuvaneshwara Rasa*.

#### **MATERIALS AND METHODS**

#### **Collection of Raw Materials**

The major raw materials were collected:

- Saindava: 500 gm was collected from Thrissur, Kerala
- 2. *Triphala (Haritaki, Vibhitaki, Amalaki)*: Each 500 gm from Thrissur, Kerala
- 3. Yamani: 500gm from Thrissur, Kerala
- 4. *Bilva peshika*: 500 gm from local area, Thrissur, Kerala.
- 5. *Gruhadhooma*: Collected from local area, Thrissur, Kerala.

#### **Authentication of Raw Materials**

Herbal drugs (*Triphala, Yamani, Bilva peshika*) are done in Department of *Dravyaguna,* Ramakrishna Ayurvedic medical College, Yelahanka, Bangalore.

#### **Place of Study**

Teaching pharmacy, Department of *Rasashastra* and *Bhaishajya Kalpana*, Ramakrishna Ayurvedic Medical College and Hospital, Yelahanka, Bangalore.

Table 1: Showing ingredients and composition of *Bhuvaneshwara Rasa*.

SN	Ingredient	Latin name	Composition
1.	Saindava	Rock salt	1 Part
2.	Triphala	-	1 Part
3.	Yamani	Carum copticum Benth & Hook.	1 Part
4.	Bilvapeshika	Aegle marmalose Corr.	1 Part

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5.	Gruhadhooma	Chimney soot	1 Part
6.	Jala	Water	Q.S

#### Pharmaceutical study

Pharmaceutical stride involved in preparation of *Bhuvaneshwara Rasa*.

- 1. Powdering of raw materials.
- 2. Preparation of Triphala Choorna.
- 3. Preparation of homogeneous mixture of *Bhuvaneshwara Rasa* ingredients.
- 4. Adding *Jala* and doing *Bhavana* till it dries completely.

#### Method of preparation of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa

- All herbal drugs were washed with water and dried and powdered finely.
- All the ingredients are weighed accurately.
- The homogeneous mixture of Saindhava, Triphala, Yamani, Bilva Peshika, and Gruhadhooma was taken.
- Required quantity of water was added and triturated until consistency to roll the pills.
- A Vati of one Masha (1 gm) size was prepared and 100 such Vatis was prepared preserved in air tight container.

Table 2: Showing quantity of ingredients used in Bhuvaneshwara Rasa preparation.

SN	Ingredient	Quantity(g)
1.	Saindava	20
2.	Triphala	20
3.	Yamani	20
4.	Bilvapeshika	20
5.	Gruhadhooma	20
6.	Jala	q.s

#### **Precaution**

- All ingredients should be dried and powdered well.
- The spilling of drug should be avoided while trituration.
- Bhavana was done well.
- Vati prepared after getting the consistency to roll the pills.
- The mixture was not allowed to dry.
- Uniformity of weight was maintained while preparing Vati.

#### **Analytical Study**

Physico-chemical parameters pH, Loss on drying, Acid insoluble ash, Total ash, and Hardness, Friability, Disintegration time, TLC were carried out at Skanda Life Sciences Pvt. Ltd, Bangalore.

#### **OBSERVATION AND RESULTS**

#### **Pharmaceutical study**

The whole mixture turned to blackish grey colour. At one stage the mixture becomes a single bolus not sticking to the surface of *Khalwa Yantra*. At this stage, small amount of the mixture was taken and tried to roll into *Vatis* and this was achieved. *Vati* is rough in nature and blackish grey in colour.

Table 3: Showing the result of preparation of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa.

Quantity taken	Saindhava	20 gm	
	Triphala	20 gm	
	Yamani	20 gm	
Bilvapeshika		20 gm	
Gruhadhooma		20 gm	
	Jala	Q.S	
Finished product obtained		110 gm	
Loss		-	
Gain		10 gm	
Percentage of gain		10%	

### Time duration 2.30 hrs.

Table 4: Showing the result of *Subhavitha Lakshanas* as per R.T.

Tests	Findings
Rolling	Can be done
Touch	Soft and non-sticky
On pressing	Becomes flattened

Table 5: Showing the organoleptic characters of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa.

Characters	Results
Rupa (Colour)	Dark brown
Rasa (Taste)	Pungent
Gandha (odour)	Aromatic
Sparsha (Touch)	Fine

#### **Analytical study**

Physicochemical evaluation of *Bhuvaneshwara Rasa* was carried out and data was arranged in table 6. TLC evaluation revealed *Bhuvaneshwara Rasa* at 366 nm, visible light and 254 nm. Fig 1a,1b,1c.

Table 6: Results of the evaluation of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa

Parameters	Result
рН	5.69
Loss on drying at 105°C	6.4%
Acid insoluble ash	2.5%
Total ash	8.72%
Hardness	3.5±0.5 kg
Friability	0.15%

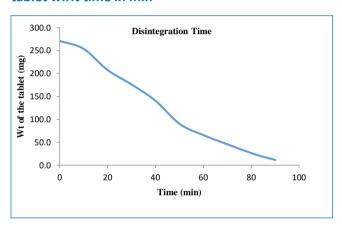
#### **Disintegration Time**

Table 7: Showing the disintegration time report.

Time (min)	Wt. of the tablet (mg)
0	271.2
10	253.8

20	207.7
30	176.2
40	140.7
50	90.6
60	65.7
80	26.5
90	11.5

Graph No.1: Graph showing the disintegration of tablet w.r.t time in min



Disintegration time of *Bhuvaneshwara Rasa* was 94 min. With 4.2% left over.

**TLC** 

Fig 1a,1b,1c: TLC chromatogram for *Bhuvaneshwara* Rasa at 366 nm, visible light and 254nm



Table 8: Showing the TLC report.

Sample	TLC Band at 254 nm	Retentio n factor	TLC Profile characteristics		
			366 nm	254 nm	Visible light
Bhuvaneshwara	hwara 1	0.068	-	Blue	-
nusu.		1	-	Blue	-

#### **DISCUSSION**

Bhuvaneshwara Rasa is a Khalveeya Rasayana with a unique Herbo-mineral combination of drugs to treat Atisara. It was found in Bhaishaiya Ratnavaali Atisara Chikitsa Prakaranam. Its ingredients include, Saindava (1part), Triphala (1part), Yamani (1part), Bilvapeshika (1part), Gruhadhooma (1part), and Jala (Quantity sufficient). With the classical preparation and the properties of the drugs which are present, it shows the Atisaragna property. To prepare the selected trial drug strictly according to classical reference as many as 8 experiments were carried out Saindhava Lavana is pounded and filtered through sieve. Here loss 3% is due to pounding and filtering. While preparing Amalaki Churna, 20% loss observed is due to pounding and filtering. Vibhitaki is pounded and filtered through sieve. Here loss 15% is due to pounding and filtering. In Haritaki Churna preparation loss 10% is due to pounding and filtering. Triphala Churna was prepared by mixing the Haritaki, Vibhitaki, and Amalaki choorna homogeneously. Loss is 3.3% due to spilling out while mixing the ingredients. Yamani is pounded and filtered through sieve. Here loss 3.3% is due to oily content in Yamani, pounding and filtering. Bilva Peshika is pounded and filtered through sieve. 30% of loss is due to pounding and filtering. Bhuvaneshwara Rasa was prepared by after mixing the ingredients homogeneously, water was added and triturated until consistency to roll the pills and Vati was prepared. After the preparation of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa, percentage of gain is 10% this might be due to the Bhavana procedure. Bhavna reduces the particle size of the final product and increases bioavailability of formulation.

As a part of standardization of the drugs, may it be the raw drug, in process drugs or the finished product; the analytical parameters are to be tested and logical reasoning has to be given. Here for the Bhuvaneshwara Rasa the analytical studies performed and noted are Oraganoleptic characters, Ph. Loss on drying at 105°C, Acid insoluble ash, Total ash value, Hardness test, Friability test, Disintegration time, TLC, Solubility. Ph of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa is 5.69 which indicate mild acidic in nature. According to Ph partition concept, weak acids will have higher absorption in the highly acidic stomach, drugs that are in weak acids will be present mainly in their non-ionic form. So, Bhuvaneshwara Rasa is absorbed in stomach. Loss on drying at 105°C value of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa is 6.4%, shows the moisture content present in the Bhuvaneshwara Rasa. Acid insoluble ash indicates the genuinity of the product. Value of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa is 2.5%. Total ash value of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa 8.72%. This shows the presence of organic matter, genuinely and method of preparation. Hardness test value of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa observed as 1kg/cm<sup>2</sup> indicates that it cannot be too hard to alter disintegration or release of the product. Friability test, the weight of the tablets weighed before and after 100 revolutions showed weight loss of nil. This shows that it can withstand abrasions in packing, handling and transporting. Disintegration time of Bhuvaneshwara Rasa was 94 mins with 4.2% left over. TLC chromatogram for Bhuvaneshwara Rasa at 366 nm, visible light and 254 nm. Solubility, Bhuvaneshwara Rasa sparingly soluble in water.

#### **CONCLUSION**

This study deals with the pharmaceutico analytical evaluation of *Bhuvaneshwara Rasa*. Final product sample of *Bhuvaneshwara Rasa* was fine, dark brownish in colour with an aromatic smell and

pungent taste. Physico-chemical analysis helps to generate a preliminary standard analytical profile for *Bhuvaneshwara Rasa* as there is no standard for *Bhuvaneshwara Rasa* is available in the pharmacopoeia. So, data generated by this study can be used as reference for the identity and purity of the formulation *Bhuvaneshwara Rasa*.

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